

UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT
SOUTHERN DISTRICT OF GEORGIA
STATESBORO DIVISION

BRANDIE WHITE,

Plaintiff,

v.

CASE NO.: **CV 616 – 120**

CAPITAL ONE BANK (USA), N.A.,

Defendant

COMPLAINT

COMES NOW, Plaintiff, Brandie White, by and through the undersigned counsel, and sues Defendant, CAPITAL ONE BANK (USA), N.A., and in support thereof respectfully alleges violations of the Telephone Consumer Protection Act, 47 U.S.C. § 227 *et seq.* (“TCPA”).

INTRODUCTION

1. The TCPA was enacted to prevent companies like CAPITAL ONE BANK (USA), N.A. from invading American citizen’s privacy and to prevent abusive “robo-calls.”

2. “The TCPA is designed to protect individual consumers from receiving intrusive and unwanted telephone calls.” *Mims v. Arrow Fin. Servs., LLC*, 132 S. Ct. 740 (2012).

3. “Senator Hollings, the TCPA’s sponsor, described these calls as ‘the *1256 scourge of modern civilization, they wake us up in the morning; they interrupt our dinner at night; they force the sick and elderly out of bed; they hound us until we want to

rip the telephone out of the wall.” 137 Cong. Rec. 30, 821 (1991). Senator Hollings presumably intended to give telephone subscribers another option: telling the autodialers to simply stop calling.” *Osorio v. State Farm Bank, F.S.B.*, 746 F. 3d 1242 (11th Cir. 2014).

4. According to the Federal Communications Commission (FCC), “Unwanted calls and texts are the number one complaint to the FCC. There are thousands of complaints to the FCC every month on both telemarketing and robocalls. The FCC received more than 215,000 TCPA complaints in 2014.” *Fact Sheet: Wheeler Proposal to Protect and Empower Consumers Against Unwanted Robocalls, Texts to Wireless Phones*, Federal Communications Commission, (May 27, 2015), https://apps.fcc.gov/edocs_public/attachmatch/DOC-333676A1.pdf.

JURISDICTION AND VENUE

5. Jurisdiction and venue for purposes of this action are appropriate and conferred by 28 U.S.C. § 1331, Federal Question Jurisdiction, as this action involves violations of the TCPA.

6. Subject matter jurisdiction, federal question jurisdiction, for purposes of this action is appropriate and conferred by 28 U.S.C. § 1331, which provides that the district courts shall have original jurisdiction of all civil actions arising under the Constitution, laws, or treaties of the United States; and this action involves violations of 47 U.S.C. § 227(b)(1)(A)(iii). See *Mims v. Arrow Fin. Servs., LLC*, S.Ct. 740, 748 (2012) and *Osorio v. State Farm Bank, F.S.B.*, 746 F.3d 1242, 1249 (11th Cir. 2014).

7. The alleged violations described herein occurred in Tattnall County, Georgia. Accordingly, venue is appropriate with this Court under 28 U.S.C. §1391(b)(2), as it is the judicial district in which a substantial part of the events or omissions giving rise to this action occurred.

FACTUAL ALLEGATIONS

8. Plaintiff is a natural person, and citizen of the State of Georgia, residing in Tattnall County, Georgia.

9. Plaintiff is the “called party.” See *Breslow v. Wells Fargo Bank, N.A.*, 755 F.3d 1265 (11th Cir. 2014) and *Osorio v. State Farm Bank, F.S.B.*, 746 F.3d 1242 (11th Cir. 2014).

1. Defendant, CAPITAL ONE BANK (USA), N.A., is a Corporation and National Association with a principal place of business located at 1680 Capital One Drive, McLean, VA 22102-3491 and which conducts business in the State of Georgia.

10. CAPITAL ONE BANK (USA), N.A. called Plaintiff approximately three hundred sixty (360) times since January 1, 2016, in an attempt to collect a debt.

11. Upon information and belief, some or all of the calls CAPITAL ONE BANK (USA), N.A. made to Plaintiff’s cellular telephone number were made using an “automatic telephone dialing system” which has the capacity to store or produce telephone numbers to be called, using a random or sequential number generator (including but not limited to a predictive dialer) or an artificial or prerecorded voice; and to dial such numbers as specified by 47 U.S.C § 227(a)(1) (hereinafter “autodialer calls”). Plaintiff will testify that her knew it was an autodialer because of the vast number of calls

she received and because she heard a pause when she answered her phone before a voice came on the line and/or she received prerecorded messages from CAPITAL ONE BANK (USA), N.A..

12. Plaintiff is the subscriber, regular user and carrier of the cellular telephone number (912)***-0903, and was the called party and recipient of Defendant's calls.

13. Beginning on or about January 1, 2016, CAPITAL ONE BANK (USA), N.A. began bombarding Plaintiff's cellular telephone (912)***-0903 in an attempt to collect on a credit card loan.

14. Defendant knowingly and/or willingly harassed and abused Plaintiff on numerous occasions by calling Plaintiff's cellular telephone number up to three (3) times a day from approximately January 1, 2016 through the filing of this complaint, with such frequency as can reasonably be expected to harass, all in an effort to the collection of the subject account.

15. On or about March 25, 2016 Plaintiff first requested the calls to her cell phone cease by stating "please quit calling me". The Plaintiff orally revoked her consent to be called by the Defendant many more times in an effort to stop the collection calls. Plaintiff also sent a letter to the Defendant on July 2, 2016 asking that the calls cease.

16. Each of the auto dialer calls to the Defendant made to the Plaintiff's cellular telephone after approximately March 25, 2016 were done so after she had revoked consent.

17. The auto dialer calls from Defendant came from the telephone numbers including but not limited to (800) 955-6600 and (866) 953-7906, and when those

numbers are called a pre-recorded voice answers and identifies the company as “Capital One”.

18. Despite the Plaintiff’s multiple requests for the calls to stop, the Defendant continued to call the Plaintiff.

19. The Plaintiff received an estimated two hundred forty (240) calls from the Defendant between the time she initially revoked her consent to be called on March 25, 2016 and the filing of this law suit and estimates dozens of other calls before that time period.

20. Despite Plaintiff informing Defendant to stop calling, the Defendant called the Plaintiff repeatedly, including but not limited to calls Plaintiff was able to log on June 18, 2016; June 19, 2016; June 20, 2016 and June 21, 2016.

21. CAPITAL ONE BANK (USA), N.A. has a corporate policy to use an automatic telephone dialing system or a pre-recorded or artificial voice to individuals just as they did to Plaintiff’s cellular telephone in this case.

22. CAPITAL ONE BANK (USA), N.A. has a corporate policy to use an automatic telephone dialing system or a pre-recorded or artificial voice, just as they did to the Plaintiff’s cellular telephone in this case, with no way for the consumer, or CAPITAL ONE BANK (USA), N.A., to remove the number.

23. CAPITAL ONE BANK (USA), N.A.’s corporate policy is structured so as to continue to call individuals like Plaintiff, despite these individuals explaining to CAPITAL ONE BANK (USA), N.A. they do not wish to be called.

24. CAPITAL ONE BANK (USA), N.A. has numerous other federal lawsuits pending against them alleging similar violations as stated in this Complaint.

25. CAPITAL ONE BANK (USA), N.A. has numerous complaints against it across the country asserting that its automatic telephone dialing system continues to call despite being requested to stop.

26. CAPITAL ONE BANK (USA), N.A. has had numerous complaints against it from consumers across the country asking to not be called, however Defendant continues to call these individuals.

27. CAPITAL ONE BANK (USA), N.A.'s corporate policy provided no means for Plaintiff to have Plaintiff's number removed from CAPITAL ONE BANK (USA), N.A. call list.

28. CAPITAL ONE BANK (USA), N.A. has a corporate policy to harass and abuse individuals despite actual knowledge the called parties do not wish to be called.

29. Not one of CAPITAL ONE BANK (USA), N.A.'s telephone calls placed to Plaintiff were for "emergency purposes" as specified in 47 U.S.C. § 227(b)(1)(A).

30. CAPITAL ONE BANK (USA), N.A. willfully and/or knowingly violated the TCPA with respect to Plaintiff.

31. From each and every call placed without express consent by CAPITAL ONE BANK (USA), N.A. to Plaintiff's cell phone, Plaintiff suffered the injury of invasion of privacy and the intrusion upon her right of seclusion.

32. From each and every call without express consent placed by CAPITAL ONE BANK (USA), N.A. to Plaintiff's cell phone, Plaintiff suffered the injury of the

occupation of her cellular telephone line and cellular phone by unwelcome calls, making the phone unavailable for legitimate callers or outgoing calls while the phone was ringing from CAPITAL ONE BANK (USA), N.A. call.

33. From each and every call placed without express consent by CAPITAL ONE BANK (USA), N.A. to Plaintiff's cell phone, Plaintiff suffered the injury of unnecessary expenditure of her time. For calls she answered, the time she spent on the call was unnecessary as she repeatedly asked for the calls to stop. Even for unanswered calls, Plaintiff had to waste time to unlock the phone and deal with missed call notifications and call logs that reflect the unwanted calls. This also impaired the usefulness of these features of Plaintiff's cellular phone, which are designed to inform the user of important missed communications.

34. Each and every call placed without express consent by CAPITAL ONE BANK (USA), N.A. to Plaintiff's cell phone was an injury in the form of a nuisance and annoyance to the Plaintiff. For calls that were answered, Plaintiff had to go to the unnecessary trouble of answering them. Even for unanswered calls, Plaintiff had to waste time to unlock the phone and deal with missed call notifications and call logs that reflected the unwanted calls. This also impaired the usefulness of these features of Plaintiff's cellular phone, which are designed to inform the user of important missed communications.

35. Each and every call placed without express consent by CAPITAL ONE BANK (USA), N.A. to Plaintiff's cell phone resulted in the injury of unnecessary expenditure of Plaintiff's cell phone's battery power.

36. Each and every call placed without express consent by CAPITAL ONE BANK (USA), N.A. to Plaintiff's cell phone where a voice message was left which occupied space in Plaintiff's phone or network.

37. Each and every call placed without express consent by CAPITAL ONE BANK (USA), N.A. to Plaintiff's cell phone resulted in the injury of a trespass to Plaintiff's chattel, namely her cellular phone and her cellular phone services.

38. As a result of the answered and unanswered calls described above, Plaintiff suffered an invasion of privacy. Plaintiff was also affected in a personal and individualized way by stress, anxiety, nervousness, embarrassment, distress, and aggravation. Due to both answered and unanswered calls, Plaintiff suffered the expenditure of Plaintiff's time, exhaustion of Plaintiff's cellular telephone battery, unavailability of Plaintiff's cellular telephone while ringing, waste of Plaintiff's time, causing the risk of personal injury due to distraction, and trespass upon Plaintiff's chattels. All of the abovementioned were caused by, and/or directly related to, Defendant's attempts to collect a debt from Plaintiff through the use of automated/predictive dialing technology.

COUNT I
(Violation of the TCPA)

39. Plaintiff fully incorporates and realleges paragraphs one (1) through thirty-eight (38) as if fully set forth herein.

40. CAPITAL ONE BANK (USA), N.A. willfully violated the TCPA with respect to Plaintiff, specifically for each of the auto-dialer calls made to Plaintiff's

cellular telephone after Plaintiff notified CAPITAL ONE BANK (USA), N.A. that Plaintiff wished for the calls to stop

41. CAPITAL ONE BANK (USA), N.A. repeatedly placed non-emergency telephone calls to Plaintiff's cellular telephone using an automatic telephone dialing system or prerecorded or artificial voice without Plaintiff's prior express consent in violation of federal law, including 47 U.S.C § 227(b)(1)(A)(iii).

WHEREFORE, Plaintiff respectfully demands a trial by jury on all issues so triable and judgment against CAPITAL ONE BANK (USA), N.A. for statutory damages, punitive damages, actual damages, treble damages, enjoinder from further violations of these parts and any other such relief the court may deem just and proper.

Respectfully submitted,

/s/Octavio Gomez

Octavio "Tav" Gomez, Esquire

Georgia Bar #: 617963

Morgan & Morgan, Tampa, P.A.

201 North Franklin Street, 7th Floor

Tampa, FL 33602

Telephone: (813) 223-5505

Facsimile: (813) 223-5402

tgomez@forthepeople.com

amferrera@forthepeople.com

amoore2@forthepeople.com

Attorney for Plaintiff